



Pre-Triggering and Triggering Report for Locally Led Activities (LLAs) in WASH/ Climatic Change in Villages of Ngogwe Sub-county

INTRODUCTION

Child Care and Youth Empowerment Foundation (CCAYEF) implemented a Market Based Sanitation Implementation Approach (MBSIA) in Uganda around the fishing communities of Buikwe district which was based on locally led adaptations (LLAs) generated by the communities themselves. This intervention was supported by a consortium of four organizations joined under the name Uganda Sanitation for Health Activity (USHA), with funding from USAID. MBSIA is an approach that helps communities identify their sanitation and hygiene gaps and through continuous follow up, documentation and monitoring, communities adapt and commit to behavioral change hence enabling them use available resources to attain basic sanitation which entails 100% latrine coverage with functional hand washing facilities.

The overall goal the project was to contribute to increased access to improved and sustainable water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) services in Uganda and holding a positive impact on climatic change. Specifically the project was aimed at improving household sanitation and water cleanliness and usage services in 73 villages by moving all the households from unimproved to improved sanitation status in Ngogwe Sub County; as well as increasing adoption and expansion of key hygiene behaviors at home and in schools and improvement of water quality usage. This project targeted approximately 30727, people with access to a basic sanitation (improved toilet and hand washing with soap) facilities. MBSIA is an approach that borrows and reinforces the attributes of LLA and CLTS such as triggering and channeling community commitment and

social action tailored towards the collective goal of achieving 100% coverage of basic sanitation services, encouraging individual households to upgrade their ‘unimproved’ toilets.

PROGRESS:

During the project implementation in the second wave; 49 villages were engaged, involved through triggering sessions in Ngogwe Sub County.

Pre-triggering:

The pre-triggering meetings were conducted in 23 villages of Ngogwe sub-county as per maps printed out. The meetings are facilitated by MBSIA facilitators trained by USHA that is to say MBSIA officer and sales catalyst and are presided over by chairpersons with their committee members (Vice chairman, Secretary, treasurer, Leaders for Elders, women, youth leaders, Publicity, people living with disabilities and other opinion leaders. The meetings aimed at presenting the outcomes of the baseline results to the chairpersons, their committee members and other opinion leaders in each village aided by the maps developed by USHA. During pre-triggering, the village representatives analyze the village maps and the outcomes and come up with action points on how they will work together as committee members to sensitize community in achieving best sanitation practices. In addition the best mobilization strategies are also defined and agreed upon on to capture each and every household in the entire village, agreeing on the venue, time, and chief mobilisers and dates for conducting triggering session in each village and this resulted into the following pre-trigger and trigger sessions as highlighted below:

Ngogwe Sub-county:

NO.	VILLAGE NAME	PRE-TRIGGER DATES	Total no. of people who attended.		Total attendance
			Female	Male	
1.	Baskerville	26/01/2021	7	4	11
2.	Kigimba	26/01/2021	3	2	5
3.	Kikoota	27/01/2021	5 (1 PLWD)	6	11
4.	Lubongo	27/01/2021	6	6	12
5.	Kitala	27/01/2021	5	5	10

6	Nakaseeta	29/01/2021	6	3	9
7.	Nyemerwa kito	30/01/2021	3	5	8
8.	Nakibanga	31/01/2021	5	5	10
9.	Bugembe	24/02/2021	2	6 (2 PLWD)	8
10.	Nyemerwa B	03/02/2021	5	6	11
11.	Nampanyi	10/02/2021	4	4	8
12.	Maseke	10/02/2021	1	4	5
13	Njovu	19/02/2021	4	4	8
14	Nalukolongo	19/02/2021	3	5	8
15	Lugonjo	23/02/2021	4	3	7
16	Kikwayi	23/02/2021	3	5	8
17	Buyiri	23/02/2021	2	5	7
18	Buyira	23/02/2021	4	8	12
19	Kikuba	23/02/2021	3	4	7
20	kawoomya	24/02/2021	5	3	8
21	kiwale	24/02/2021	2	6	8
22	Namulesa	24/02/2021	2	3	5
23	Busegula	24/02/2021	2	7	9

Triggering;

Triggering sessions aimed at ensuring that community members understand and analyzed their sanitation and hygiene status in relation to their effects on the environment and climate by use of a map to recognize the extent of no latrine (open defecation), Temporary structure unwashable floor (unimproved facility), permanent structure unwashable floor (unimproved facility), permanent structure washable floor (improved structure), shared toilet/latrine and hand washing with water and soap/detergent and importance of a drop hole cover the prevention of flies and bad smell,.. The community owns the map by interpreting it first thereafter; the MBSIA officer and the sales catalyst explain it in detail for the local community to fully understand.

Local government officials were fully involved in the trigger sessions including; the Health Assistant, Community Development Officer (CDO) and the Parish Chiefs. Their contribution is remarkable because they are opinion leaders and local communities trust them. The Local Council Chairperson and their committees were in charge of mobilizing the village members to attend the trigger sessions and ensuring that each household is represented .The most commonly used mobilization strategies are use of a mega phone, Door to door, and local radios. All these communication channels gear towards ensuring that information reaches the people at grass root level without fail.

The attendance of community members in the trigger meetings can be gauged at a rate of 20%.and 80% of the people that attended agree that there is need to work towards attaining basic sanitation by improving and constructing latrines. An action plan and laws are developed with deadlines to encourage communities use the limited time and resources available to work towards attaining basic sanitation in their respective households. In addition sanitation committees of 7 members chaired by Lc1 chairperson have also been selected in all triggered villages to work hand in hand with the sanitation promoters enforce the action plans agreed upon during the village trigger meetings.

To help communities attain basic sanitation, trainee and well skilled Masons and pit diggers have also been part of the trigger meetings to help sensitize people on what it entails upgrade and improve their latrines so as to attain a basic facility.

Below is the trigger schedule of villages so far triggered in Ngogwe sub-county;

NO.	VILLAGE NAME	TRIGGER DATES	NO.OF PEOPLE THAT ATTENDED		TOTAL ATTENDANCE
			FEMALE	MALE	
1.	Baskerville	04/02/2021	10	20	30
2.	Nakaseeta /Namaseke	05/02/2021	21	17	38
3.	Nyemerwa kito	06/02/2021	30	20	50
4.	Kigimba	07/02/2021	15	15	30

5.	Kikoota	09/02/2021	22	18	40
6	Kitala	10/02/2021	15	41	56
7.	Lubongo	11/02/2021	16	22	38
8.	Bugembe	12/02/2021	26	24	50
9.	Nakibanga	13/02/2021	38	44	82
10.	Maseke	16/02/2021	32	20	52
11.	Nyemerwa B	18/02/2021	25	35	67
12.	Nampanyi	19/02/2021	27	23	55
13	Lugonjo	25/02/2021	16	14	30
14	Nalukolongo	26/02/2021	11	11	22
15	Buira	01/03/2021	16	18	34
16	Njovu	02/03/2021	09	08	17
17	Namulesa	02/03/2021	16	12	28
18	Kawoomya	03/03/2021	22	18	40
19	Buyiri	03/03/2021	12	10	22
20	Kikwayi	04/03/2021	50	44	94
21	Kiwale	05/03/2021	35	44	79
22	Kikuba	06/03/2021	18	17	35
23	Busegula	10/03/2021	19	24	43

	Village Name	Pre-Trigger Dates	Trigger Dates	Attendance	
No	Gender			M	F
24	Kiyagi	16/12/2020	9/2/2021	22	23
25	Bunyumya	5 th /2/2021	9/2/21	10	9
26	Namukono	7/2/2021	10/2/2021	10	16
27	Ddungi	9 th /2/2021	10/2/2021	7	15
28	Buwooya	5 th /2/2021	10/2/21	29	24

29	Bulutwe B	2/2/2021	11/2/2021	33	12
30	Lukonda	8 th /2/2021	13/2/2021	15	13
31	Wabusolo	9 th /2/2021	16/2/2021	6	8
32	Bulutwe A	8 th /2/2021	17/2/2021	15	30
33	Kassi	17/2/2021	17/2/2021	39	11
34	Lugasa	10/2/2021	17/2/2021	40	41
35	Bbogo	5/202021	17/2/2021	12	14
36	Bubiro	16/2/2021	17/2/2021	26	48
37	Natyole	9/2/2021	18/2/2021	27	24
38	Kitula	23/2/2021	25/2/2021	5	10
39	Kiringo	23/2/2021	25/2/2021	9	12
40	Lukanga	17/2/2021	26/2/2021	30	39
41	Kunyu	24/2/2021	1/3/2021	12	12
42	Kiwuluguma	25/2/2021	3/3/2021	21	25
43	Gamba	25/2/2021	3/3/2021	17	16
44	Bugwisa	1/3/2021	4/3/2021	20	26
45	Lugomba	25/2/2021	5/3/2021	11	27
46	Kawuna	26/2/2021	5/3/2021	14	21
47	Kamuli	26/2/2021	5/3/2021	31	19
48	Kituntu	25/2/2021	10/03/2021	09	17
49.	Busunga	16/02/2021	20/02/2021	20	25

Lessons learnt;

- The use of the health assistants, sanitation committees and other sub county and local government stakeholders to do follow up on open defecation (OD) and unimproved households gets them moving hence getting the intended results from the project.
- Continuous sensitization of local communities using local village radios about the project objective helped in creating awareness.

Achievements;

- LC1 Chairpersons, executive and community members in all the 23 villages triggered have embraced and owned the project by coming up with action plans indicating when the village will attain basic sanitation.
- In addition sanitation and hygiene committees were selected to help enforce action plans and bye laws that were agreed upon by the community members in the respective villages triggered.
- Action plans and time lines were put up by communities so as to achieve in a stipulated time.
- Early adapters have also been registered in some villages which have been triggered such as Miss Nankya Betty sanitation Promoter of Ndolwa upgraded her toilet from unwashable floor to washable floor

Challenges;

- Some villages such Buyiri are so rocky and others are water logged hence hinders people from constructing permanent latrine structures.
- Political interference caused by the ongoing campaigns disrupted some village meetings since politicians were competing for the same community members.
- Inactive village leadership; in some villages caused postponement of scheduled village meetings on various occasions for no good reason.
- Poor mindset among majority of the community members having a belief those incentives must be provided first for one to attend a meeting was partly responsible for the low turn up.

Pictorials:



THE SALES CATALYST EXPLAINING TO THE COMMUNITY MEMBERS THE SANITATION PRODUCTS PROMOTED BY THE PROJECT DURING A TRIGGER MEETING IN KASSI.



MANSON DEMONSTRATING AT A TRIGGER SESSION AT MASEKE VILLAGE IN KIKWAYI PARISH



**TRIGGER SESSION AT KIKWAYI VILLAGE IN KIKWAYI PARISH WITH THE
PARISH CHIEF.**

Compiled by

A small, square image containing a handwritten signature in blue ink. The signature is stylized and appears to be the initials 'NR'.

Namusisi Ruth

Project Coordinator